

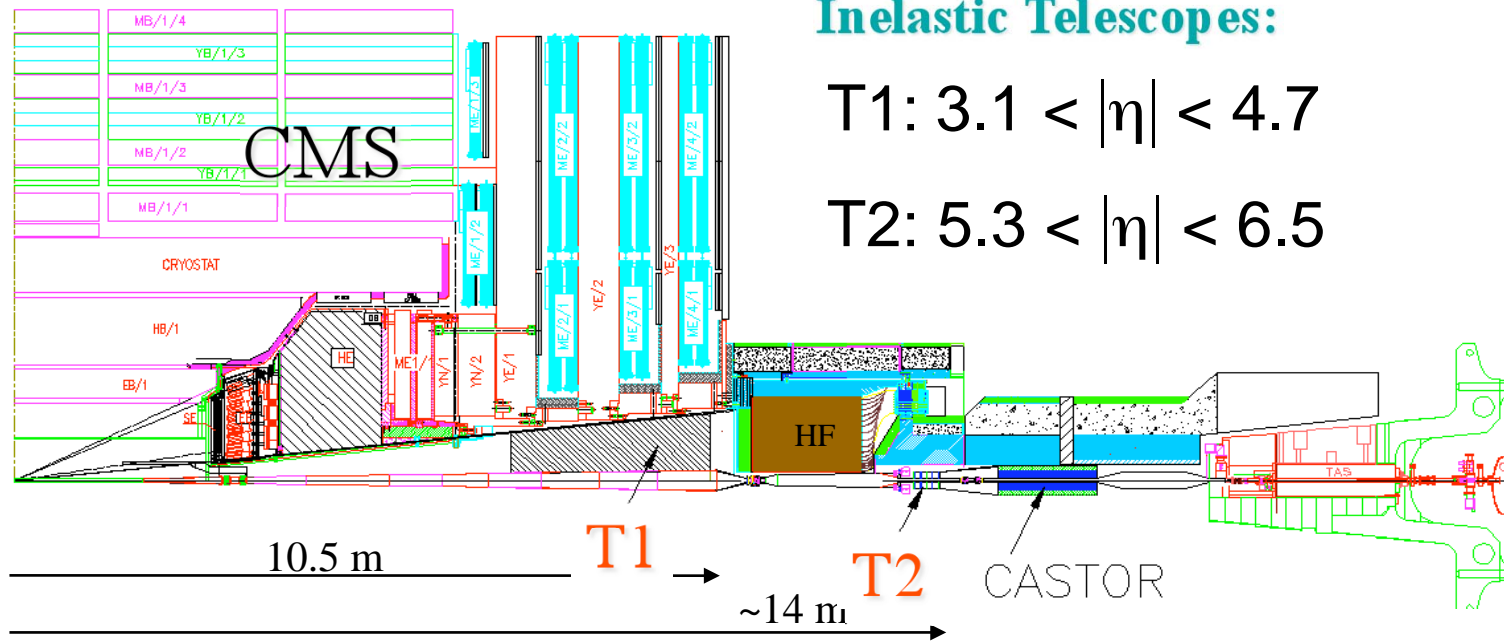


Roman Pot operation at the LHC

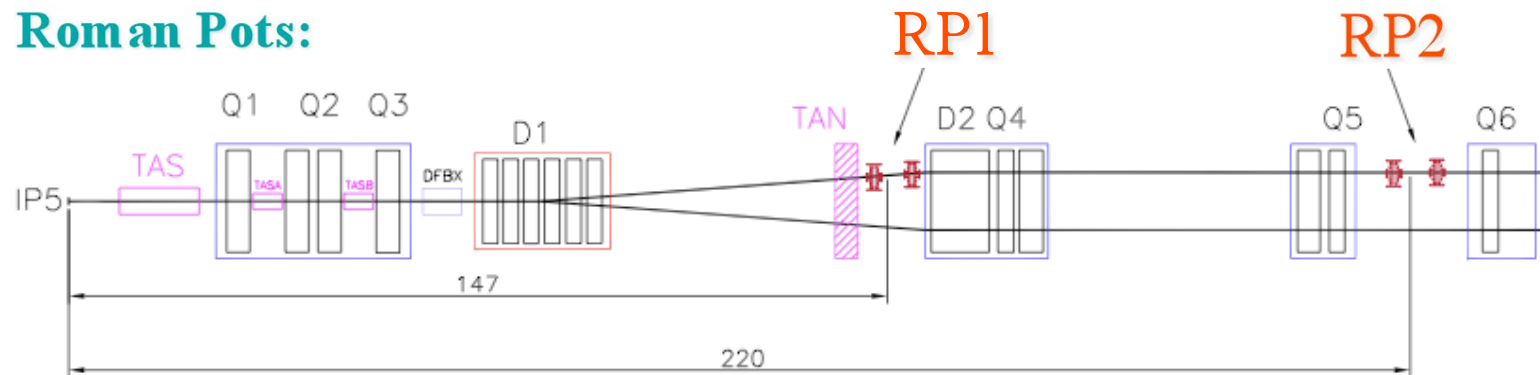
- The Roman Pots
- The position during data taking
- The control and interlocks
- The commissioning
- Summary



The TOTEM experiment

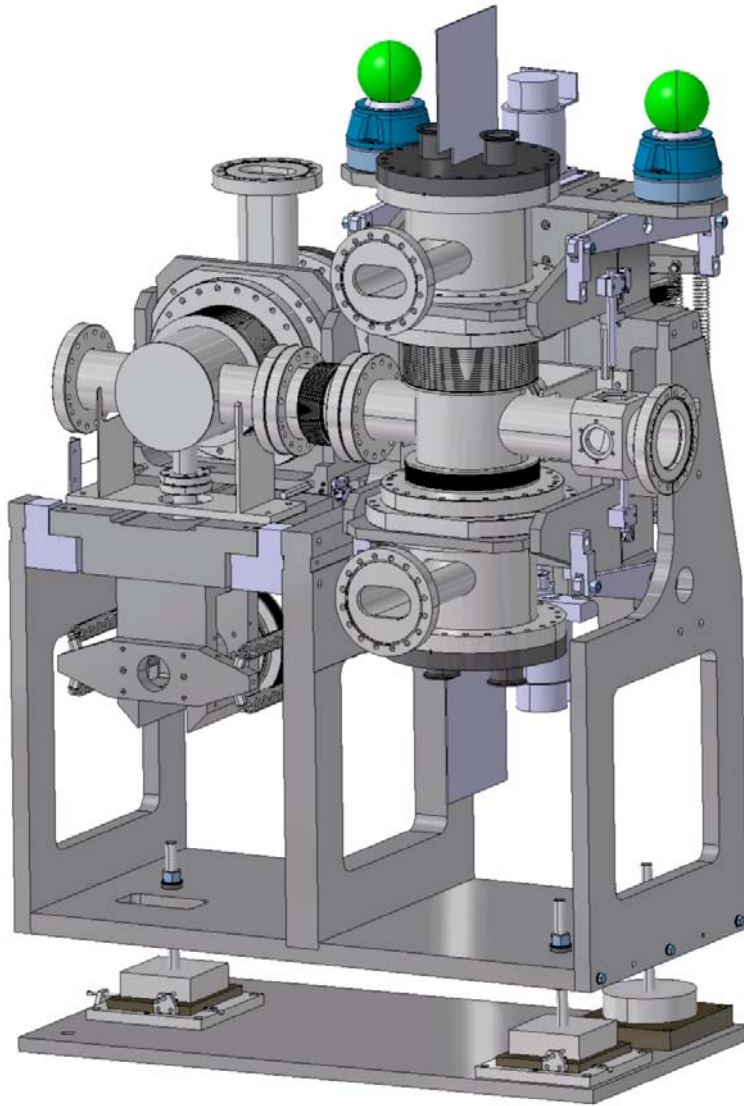


Roman Pots:





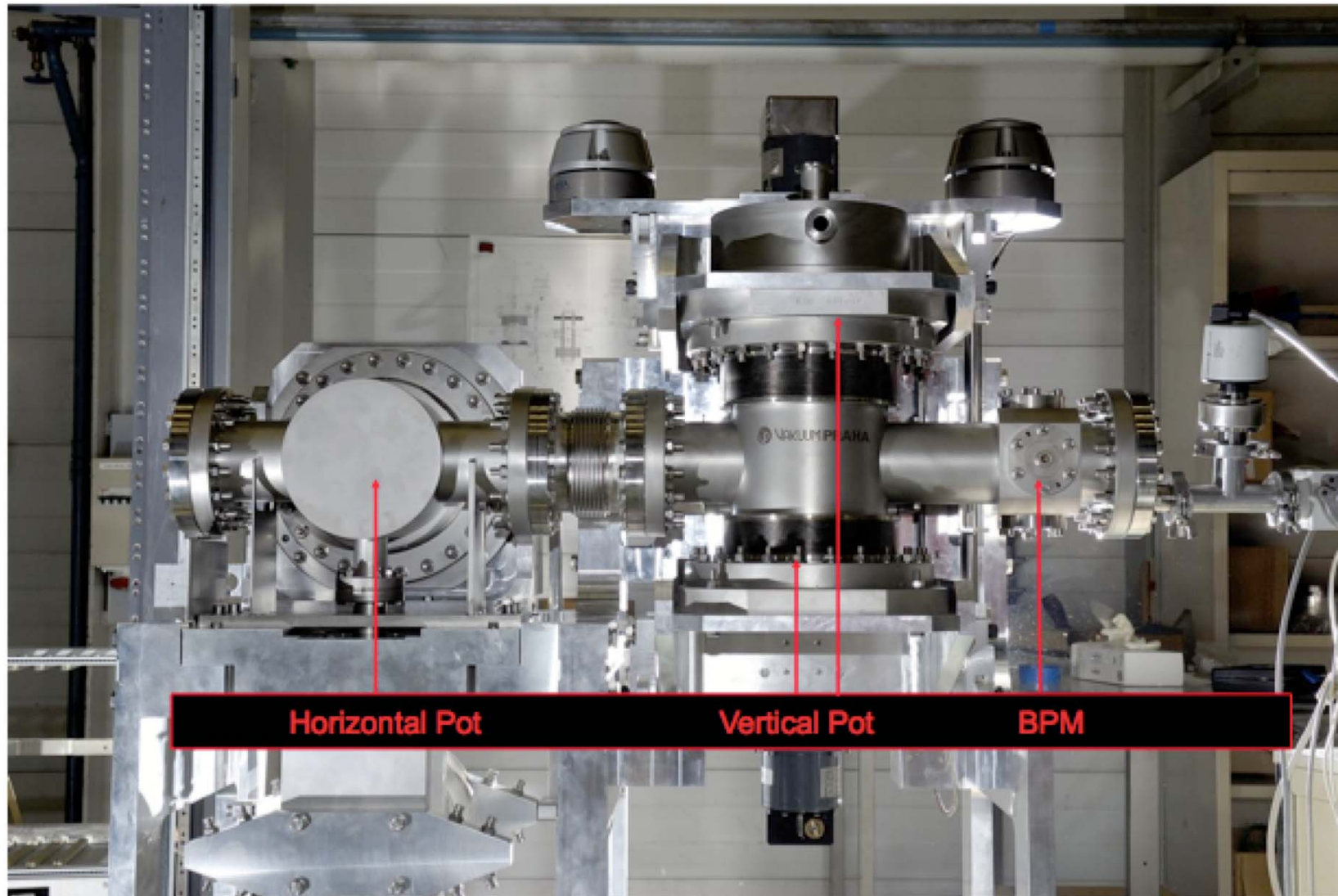
The Roman Pot Module



- Three measurement pots : two verticals and one horizontal
- Integrated beam position monitor
- Interconnection bellow between horizontal and vertical pots
- Vacuum compensation system interconnected to the machine vacuum
- Individual stepper motors to drive the pots
- Adjustable jacks to align the RP unit in the tunnel
- Designed by TS/MME

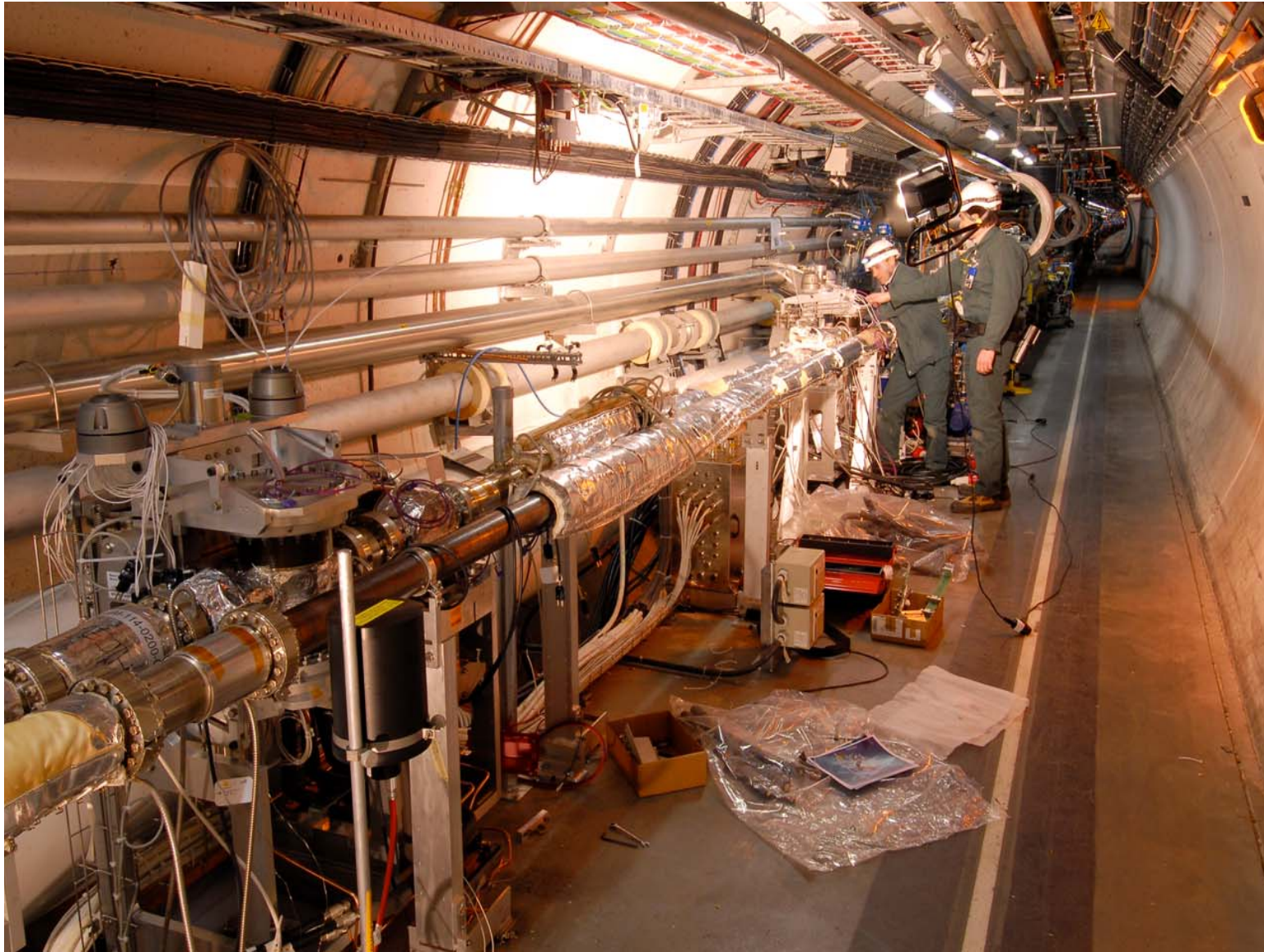


The Roman Pot Module



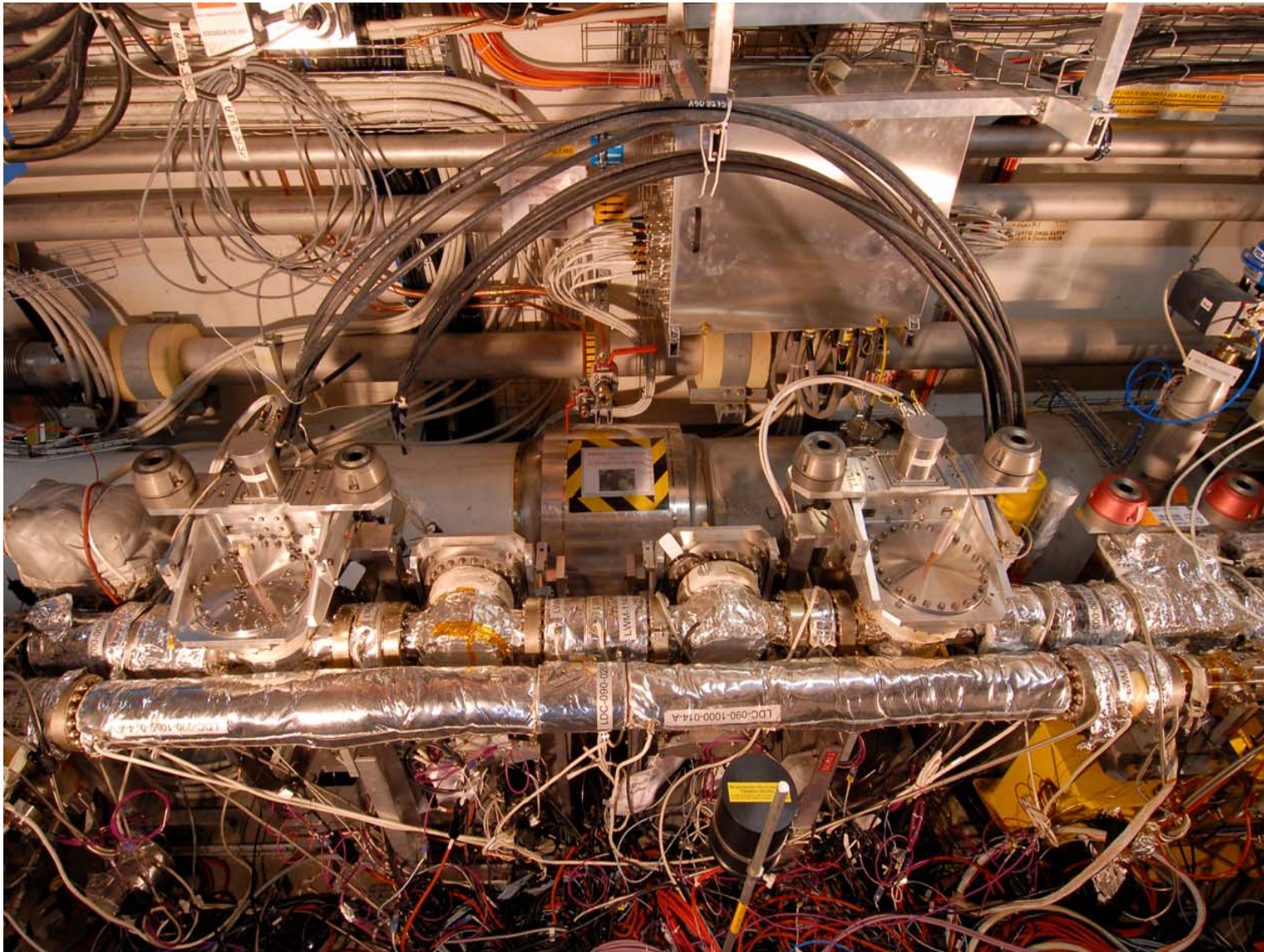


The Roman Pots at 220 m



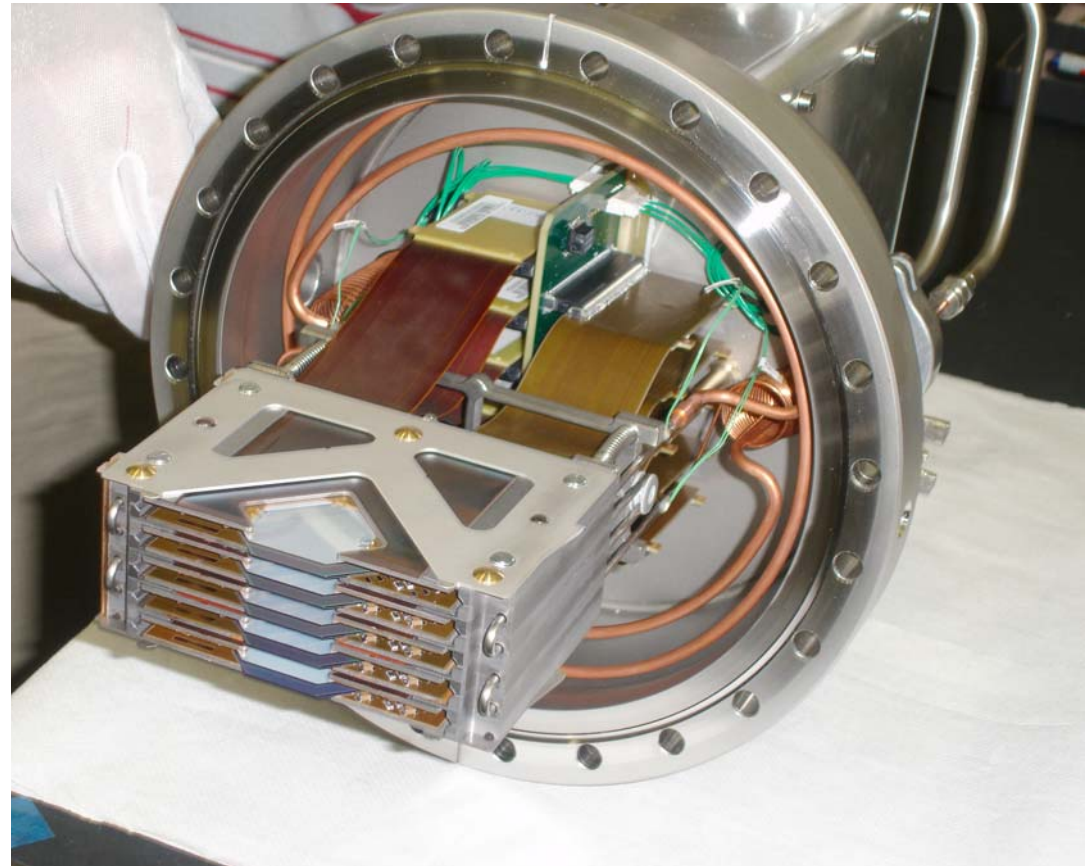
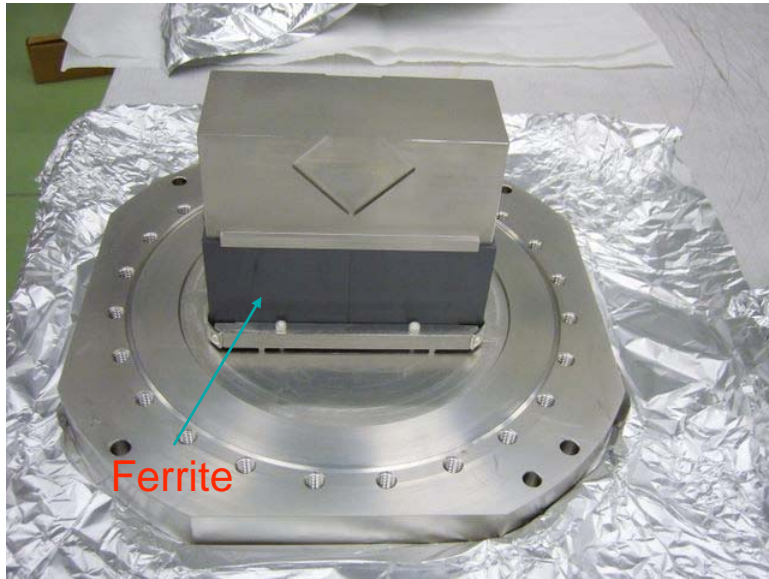


The Roman Pots at 147 m





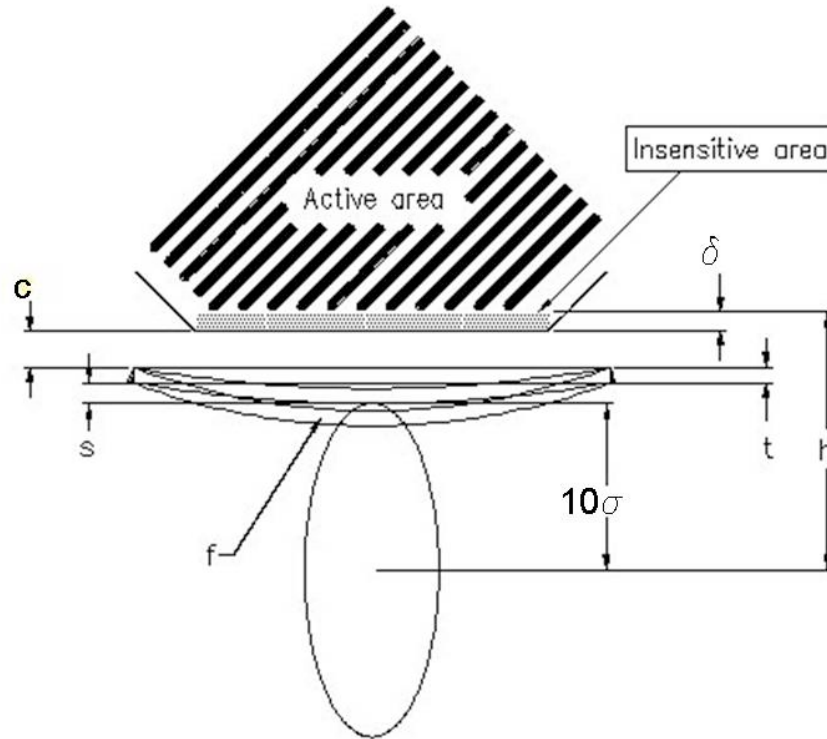
The window and the detector assembly



Silicon sensor

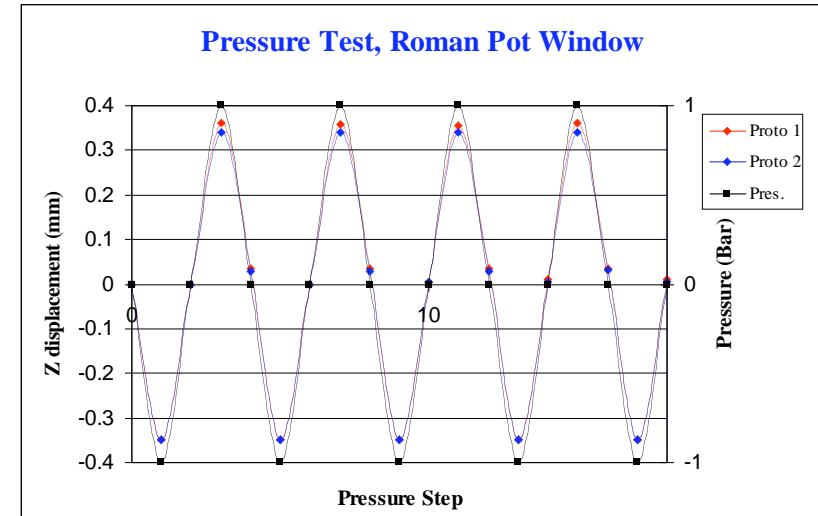


The Roman Pot position during data taking



Closest approach of detector to beam center ($f=0$):

$$h(t) = \delta + c + t + f + s(t) + 10\sigma = 10\sigma + \leq 450 \mu\text{m}$$



$\delta = 47 \mu\text{m}$ insensitive area

$c = 200 \mu\text{m}$ distance to window

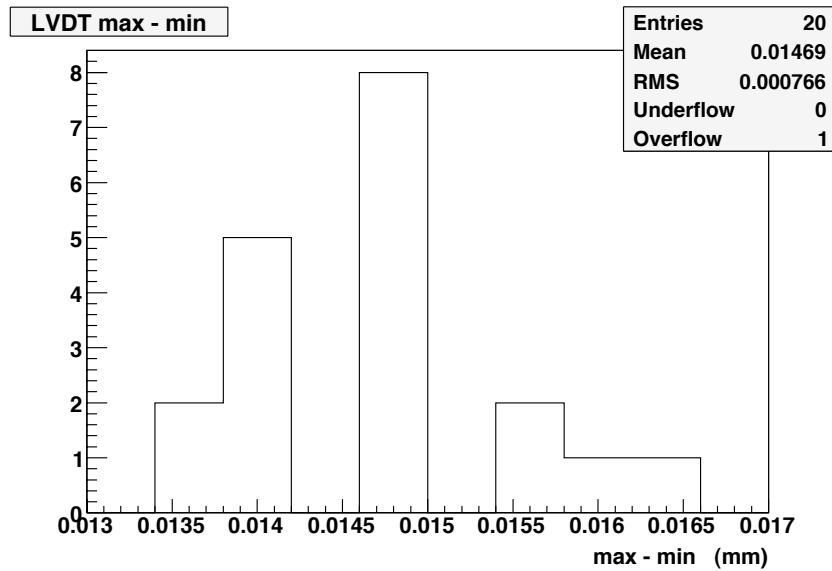
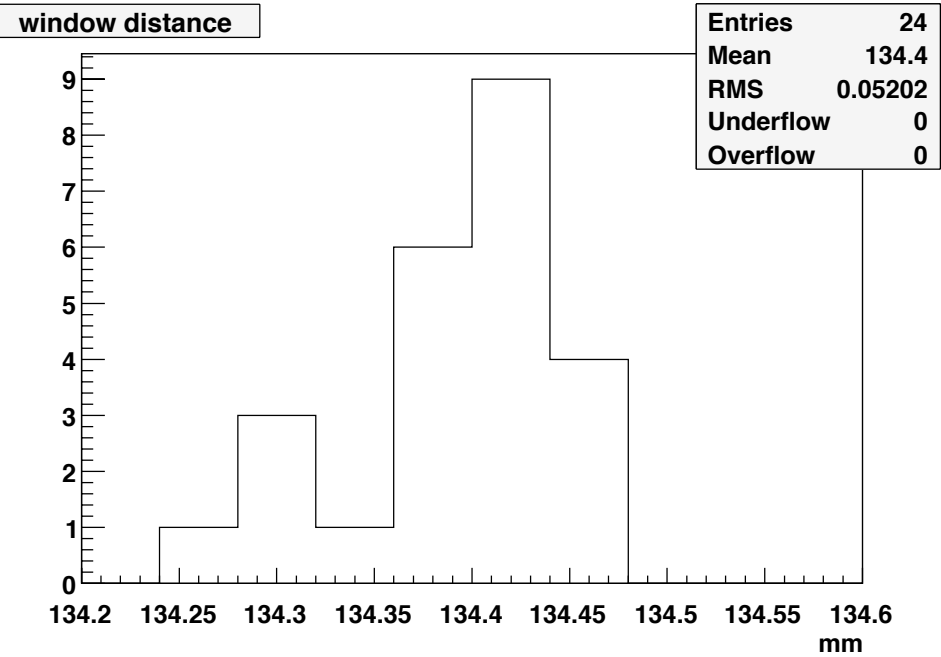
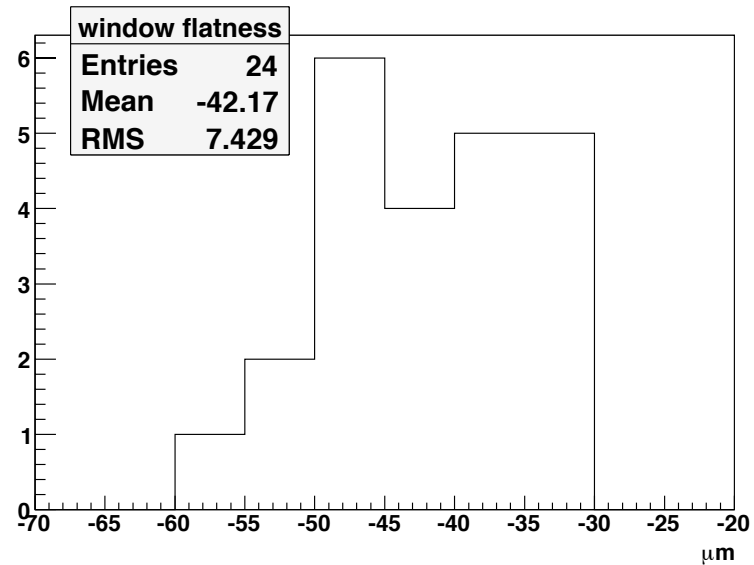
$t = 150 \mu\text{m}$ window thickness

$s(t) = < 50 \mu\text{m}$ flatness

f = window displacement in case of vacuum loss (= $50 \mu\text{m}$ at 100 mbar).

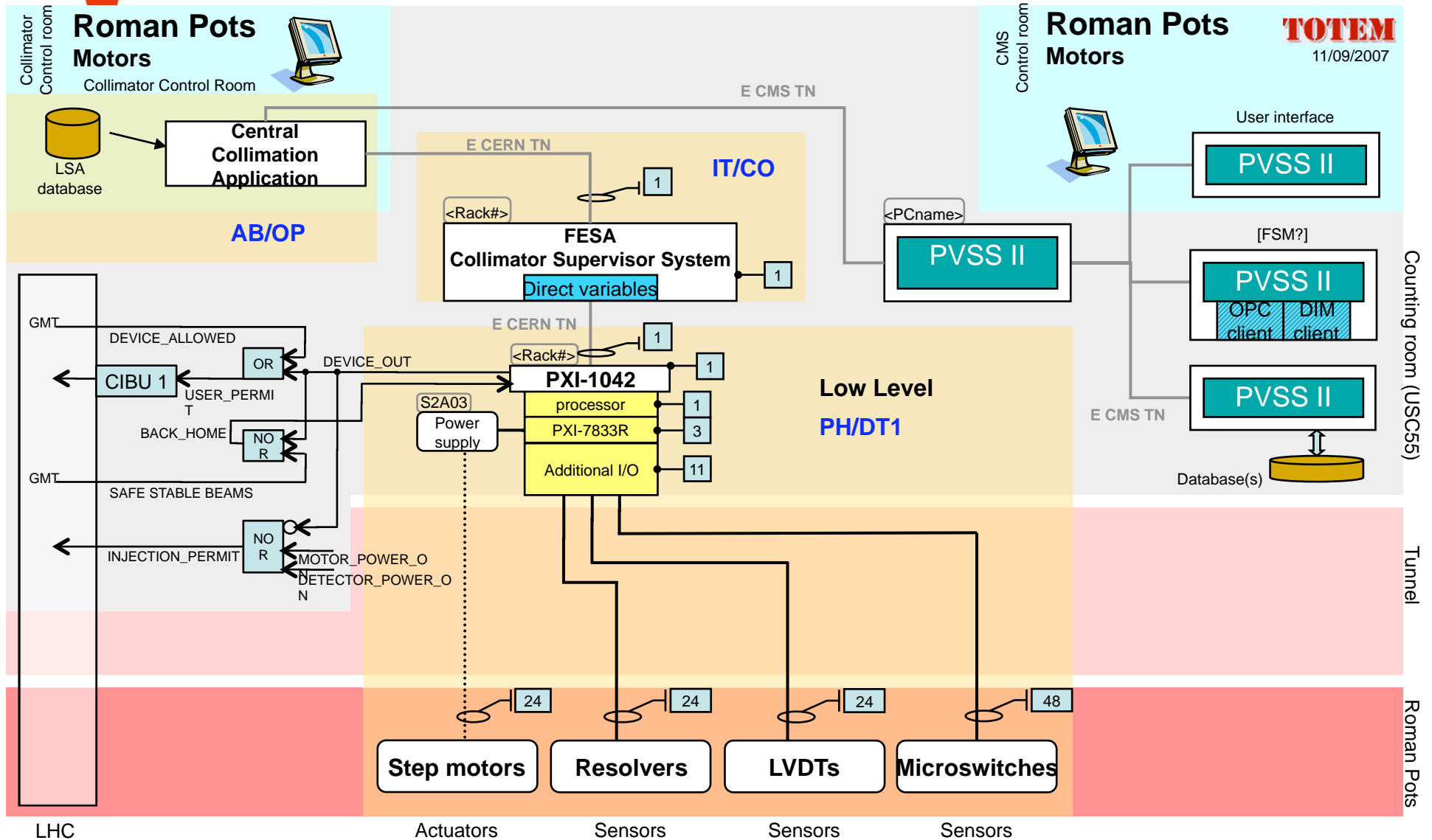


Some parameter measurements





The Roman Pots Motor Control



Counting room (USC55)
Tunnel
Roman Pots



The Roman Pots Motor Control

- CCA:
- Central Collimation Application in CCC,
 - Controls fully the Roman pot settings,
 - When STABLE_BEAM is reached Roman pots can move to a new limit agreed between TOTEM and the LHC,
 - All settings and modifications of the Roman Pot position are done from the CCC through the CCA on request of TOTEM.
- CSS:
- Collimator Supervisory System,
 - Is the interface between CCA and the Low Level Control,
 - Is the standard version used for the collimation with some adaptation,
 - The PC gateway is located in USC55,
 - A new position request by TOTEM is transmitted through the CSS to the Low Level Control.
- Low Level Control:
- Moves the Roman Pots to the requested position,
 - Reads the LVDTs with 100 Hz,
 - Sends a signal in case the Roman Pots exceed the position limit (→ CIBU 1).



How do we control the position?

- Rules:
- Safety first,
 - Copy as much as possible the Collimator Control.

- Procedures:
- Agree on the ultimate limit and store it in the data base in the CCA,
 - Once the beam is stable correct this limit with the BPM values,
 - Control the LVDT and resolver values,
 - Compare the LVDT values with the limit,
 - In case the limit is exceeded → beam dump



Two running scenarios

Before injection:

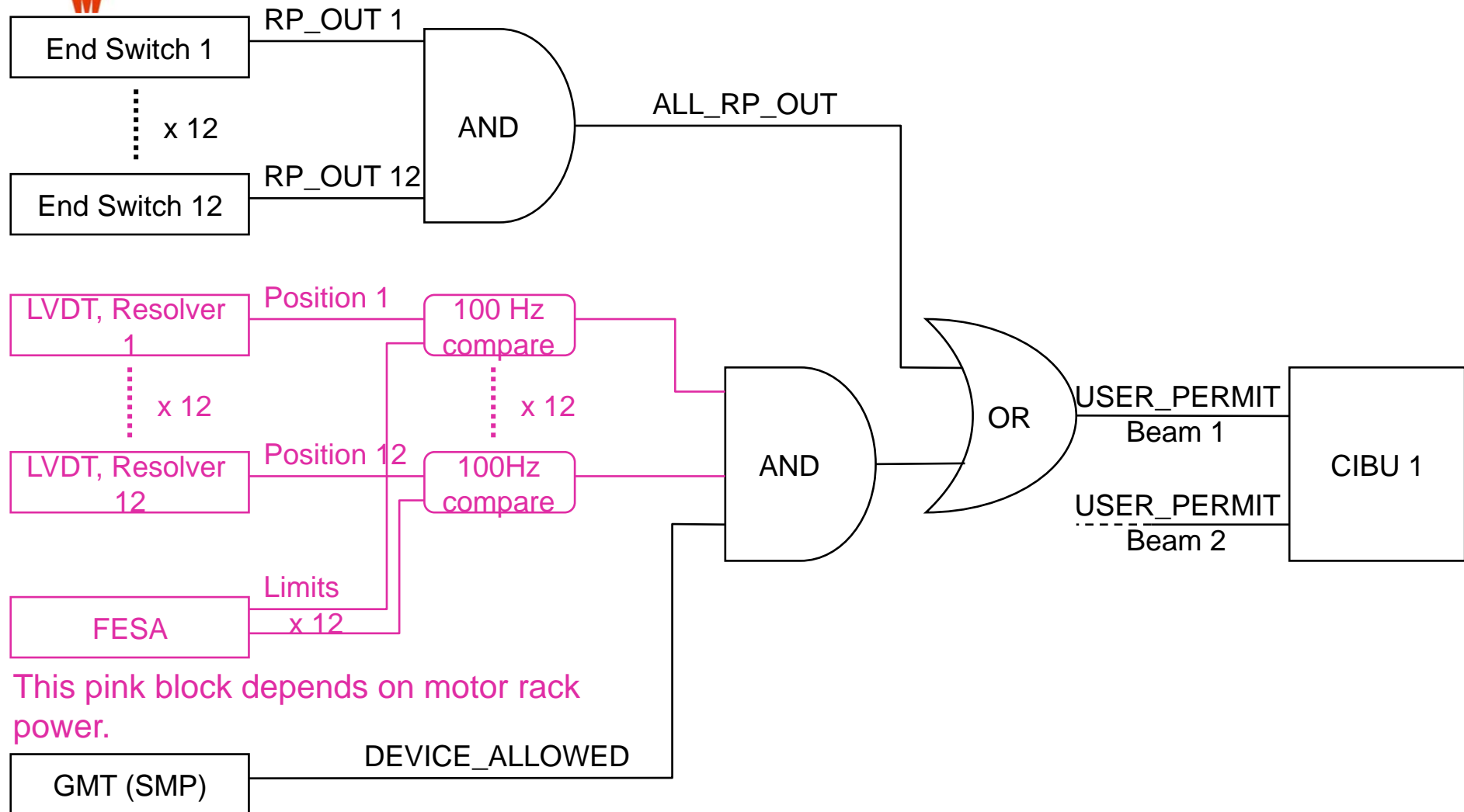
- Roman Pots in the retracted position, i. e. at the end switch,
- LVDT value zero (for instance)

After injection:

- Wait for stable beams,
- Approach the Roman Pots to the agreed position (more refined movement see later),
- In case of UNSTABLE_BEAM retract Roman Pots,
- In case LVDT value exceeds limit → beam dump,
- In case of detector failures (CIBU 2) take necessary actions, either by retracting the Roman Pot(s) or by switching the detector power off.
- At IMMINEENT_BEAM_ABORT retract Roman Pots.



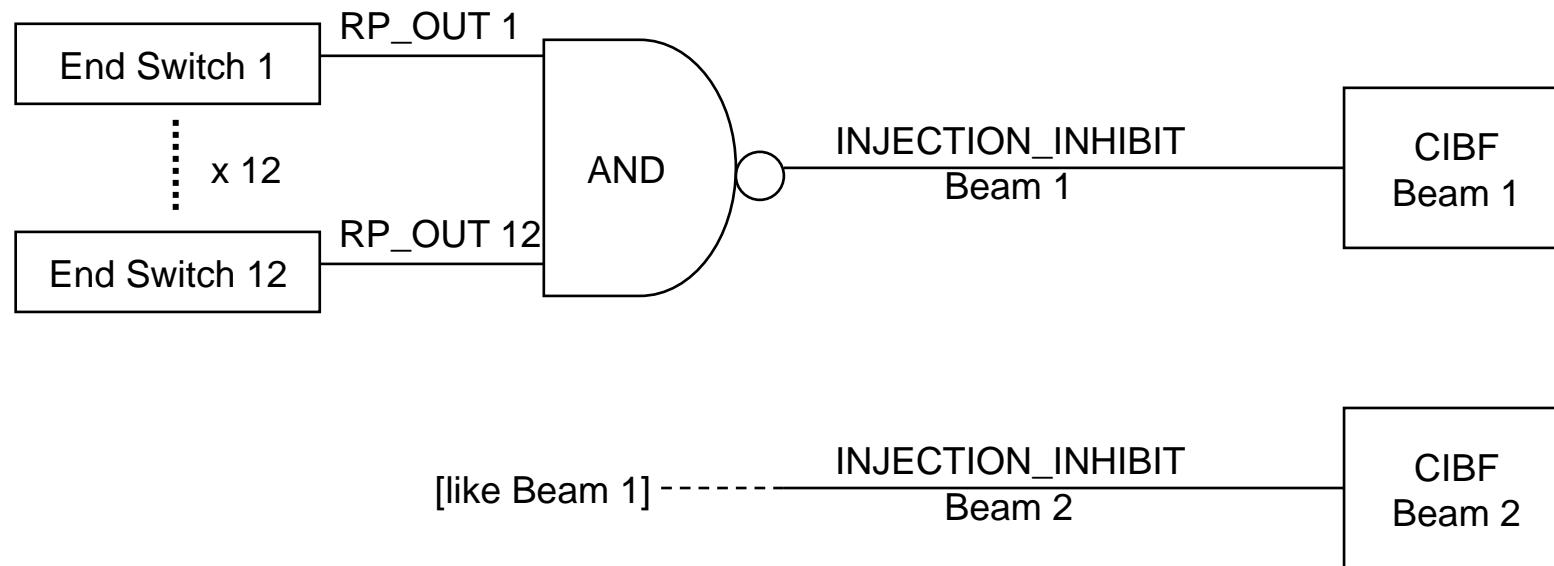
Position Interlock (CIBU 1)



Note: DEVICE_ALLOWED = STABLE_BEAM or UNSTABLE_BEAM

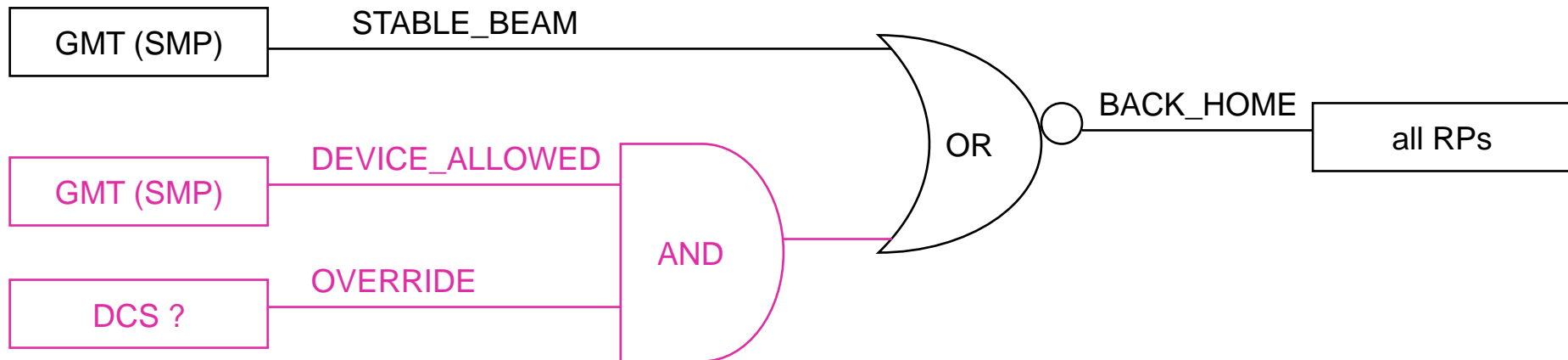


Injection Inhibit (CIBF)





RP Retraction in UNSTABLE_BEAM Mode



This pink block allows RP operation in UNSTABLE_BEAM mode via a manual override, to allow common collimator + RP calibrations.

(Note: **DEVICE_ALLOWED = STABLE_BEAM or UNSTABLE_BEAM**)

Could we use the SAFE_BEAM flag instead of the manual OVERRIDE ?
(I.e. is SAFE_BEAM intensity enough for Ralph's tests ?)



Commissioning of the Roman Pots

Before the LHC start:

- Finish cabling and piping with priority to the 220 m stations;
- Commission the motors and calibrate the LVDTs and the resolvers in sector 4-5 and 5-6;
- Install one assembly of 10 Si detectors in a horizontal pot in sector 4-5 end of June;
- Commission the C_3F_8 cooling;
- Install one assembly in a horizontal pot at 220 m in 5-6 in July;
- Install two assemblies in vertical pots at 220 m in 4-5 and 5-6 during a technical stop.

- Test the Interlocks.



A typical TOTEM run

After the LHC start:

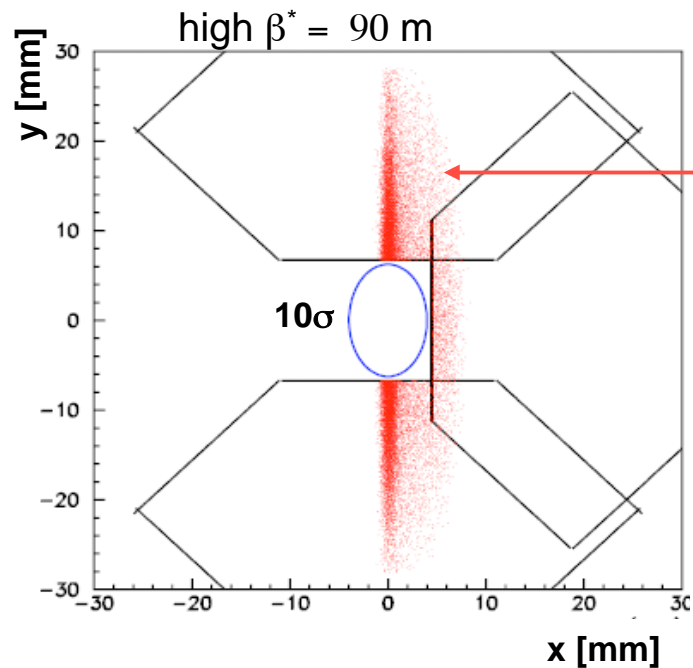
- At stable beam start moving the pots (together with CCC):
 - Read the BPMs and verify with CCC the beam position;
 - Correct limit with BPM values;
 - Approach the pots by 35 mm (= safe position)
 - Move the horizontal pots nearer to the beam up to the agreed limit to see the diffractive peak – verify the rates;
 - Move the vertical pots nearer to the beam such that the rates are equal in both pots (if they exist). Go to 10-15 σ from the beam center.
 - Compare RP rates with BLMs during these processes;
 - Compare beam position from rate information with BPMs;
 - If situation good for data taking set MOVEMENT_INHIBIT.
- Verify detector efficiency and trigger, DAQ, DCS etc.;
- If satisfactory take data.



Early Physics (1)

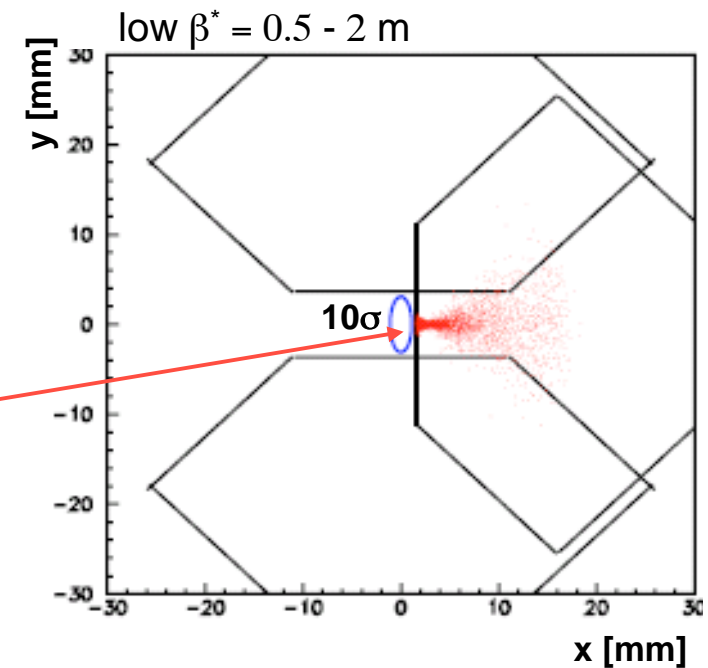
Measurement of elastic and diffractive protons

Hit distributions @ RP220



$$y \sim \Theta_y^{\text{scatt}} \sim |t_y|^{1/2}$$

$$x \sim \xi = \Delta p / p$$



Detect the proton via:

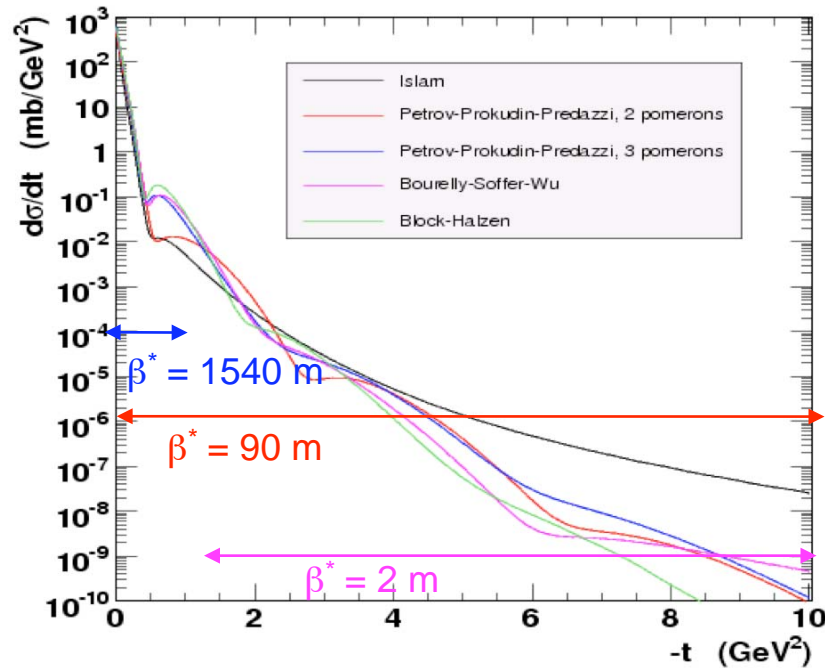
its transverse momentum t_y (high β^*)

its momentum loss ξ (low β^*)



Early Physics (2)

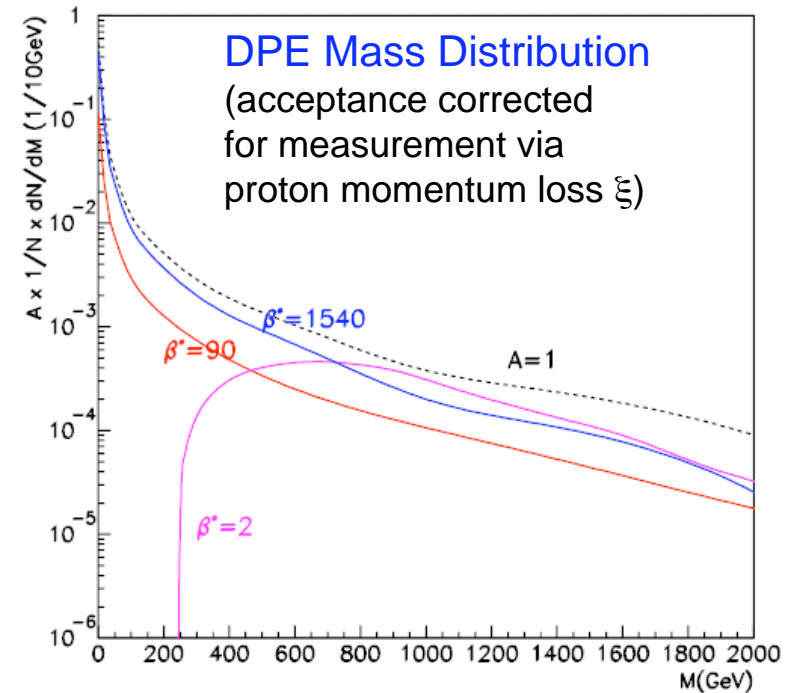
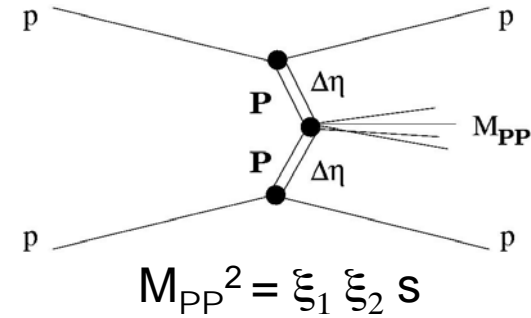
Elastic Scattering



Statistics for 3 hours of running with $\beta^* = 2$ m at $L = 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ($\int L dt = 10 \text{ pb}^{-1}$):

- 10^6 Events
- 60×10^6 DPE events within acceptance

Central Diffraction (DPE)





Summary

- TOTEM will install 2 Roman Pots in the horizontal position before LHC closure, 2 more in the vertical position during a technical stop.
- TOTEM will copy as much as possible the control of the collimators. This needs a close collaboration between TOTEM and the LHC.
- During 2008 TOTEM intends to take data for diffractive physics. With a common effort from LHC and TOTEM we will manage to get the Roman Pots to a safe position for the best physics.